

## TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

## TENNESSEE TAXPAYER BILL OF RIGHTS

You, as a taxpayer, have certain rights. Your rights are so important that, in 1992, the Tennessee General Assembly enacted legislation to spell them out. The Tennessee Taxpayer Bill of Rights summarizes state tax laws and revenue rules with which the Department of Revenue must comply while serving you.

## TAXPAYER RIGHTS (Tenn. Code Ann. Section 67-1-110)

Tennessee guarantees that you, the taxpayer, have the right to:

- · Fair and courteous treatment from all employees of the Department of Revenue.
- · Tax forms and information written in plain language.
- · Prompt and accurate responses to all inquiries and requests for tax assistance.
- · Access public records not confidential or otherwise protected by law, and to review such records at an appropriate time and location.
- Obtain all tax information relating to your account, including financial information, which is kept confidential, except to the extent required by law.
- Tax notices that clearly explain the amount being billed.
- · Clear rules and procedures to resolve tax problems.
- An informal conference, as provided by law, with the Commissioner of Revenue or his delegate to dispute any tax assessment. (Taxpayers have the right to be represented by an attorney, certified public accountant, or other representative at such conference).
- Assurance that employees of the Department of Revenue are not paid, promoted, or in any way rewarded on the basis of assessments or collections.
- · Suggest ways the Department of Revenue may better serve the public.
- · Prompt notification of any refund to which you are entitled.
- Assistance through statewide meetings held by the Department of Revenue in convenient locations in which taxpayers are allowed to ask questions and voice opinions.
- Notice and demand for payment 10 days before the Department of Revenue makes any collection effort, except as otherwise provided by law.
- 30 days notice before seized assets are liquidated, except as otherwise provided by law.

## TAXPAYER RIGHT TO A CONFERENCE (Tenn. Code Ann. Section 67-1-1801)

Taxpayers are entitled to an <u>informal conference</u> to discuss an assessment. If this request is made in writing within 30 days from the date of the Notice of Assessment, the conference must be granted. If it is made beyond the 30 days, the conference may be granted within the discretion of the Commissioner.

Requests for conferences may be sent by mail or fax transmittal to:

Administrative Hearing Office Tennessee Department of Revenue 500 Deaderick Street, Room 1240 Nashville, TN 37242 Phone (615) 741-3810 Fax (615) 741-6463

Taxpayers who wish to contest an assessment without making payment have 90 days to file suit in chancery court, as provided by statute. Interest will continue to accrue at the prevailing rate until payment is received. A lien may be filed against the taxpayer's property during this 90-day period, but the department generally may not levy on the taxpayer's property to satisfy the assessment.

If the taxpayer timely requests an informal conference, the 90-day period for filing suit stops running until a conference decision is issued in writing. After the decision is issued, the 90-day period resumes running. The 90-day stay for most collection activity is likewise extended. The taxpayer is not required to request an **informal conference** before contesting an assessment in court.

If the taxpayer does not timely file suit to contest the assessment, the taxpayer may pay the assessment, request a refund, and then file suit in chancery court for a refund in accordance with the procedures set forth in Tenn. Code Ann. Section 67-1-1802.